



Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Washington Unified School District

Independent Auditor's Report.....	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities.....	15
Government Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Notes to Financial Statements.....	21
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	63
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	64
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program.....	66
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	67
Schedule of the District's Contributions	69
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	71
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	73
Local Education Agency Organization Structure.....	75
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance.....	76
Schedule of Instructional Time	77
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	78
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	79
Schedule of Charter Schools	80
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds	81
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds.....	82
Notes to Supplementary Information.....	84
Independent Auditor's Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	86
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	88
Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance.....	91
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	

Summary of Auditor's Results.....	96
Financial Statement Findings	98
Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs.....	99
State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs.....	100
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.....	102



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Governing Board
Washington Unified School District
Fresno, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington Unified School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – MPP program, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the

schedule of the District's contributions, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Fresno, California
December 22, 2023



This section of Washington Unified School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

The District was formed on July 1, 2011, from the unification of the American Union Elementary School District, the Washington Union High School District and the West Fresno Elementary School District.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities separately. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets and right-to-use leased assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities), and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Governmental Activities* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The *Governmental Funds* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Washington Unified School District.

Randy R. Morris - District Superintendent

Board of Trustees

Terry Ruiz, Area 1

Anna Campbell, Area 2

Mark Aguilar, Area 3

Eddie Ruiz, Area 4

Darrel Carter, Area 5

Henry Hendrix, Area 6

Steven Barra, Area 7

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REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we separate the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - All of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's financial status continues to display itself as a regular operating school district during the 2022-2023 fiscal year. Prudent budgeting techniques and strategic planning help the district maximize supplemental funds. Continual reassessment of staffing patterns is a key focus, as the district aims to efficiently address student program needs and maintain a strong emphasis on student achievement, while also adapting to the evolving educational landscape.

The District maintained the required three percent reserves within the General Fund and had an ending fund balance of \$7,194,974 unrestricted and \$11,276,693 restricted. Maintaining reserves above the required three percent is very important to the District and has allowed the District to continue to meet its cash-flow needs.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$23,033,869 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$17,692,813 was restricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 67,234,483	\$ 40,630,321
Capital assets and right-to-use leased assets	60,428,733	56,725,421
Total assets	127,663,216	97,355,742
Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,492,423	7,963,310
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	7,062,236	6,932,155
Long-term liabilities	104,297,846	76,456,571
Total liabilities	111,360,082	83,388,726
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,761,688	15,008,387
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	27,574,778	24,142,221
Restricted	17,692,813	7,438,214
Unrestricted (deficit)	(22,233,722)	(24,658,496)
Total net position	\$ 23,033,869	\$ 6,921,939

The \$23,033,869 in net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. Unrestricted net position (deficit) – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – increased by \$2,424,774.

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities*. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 133,180	\$ 88,997
Operating grants and contributions	18,940,136	12,776,133
Capital grants and contributions	1,251,359	516,517
General revenues		
Federal and State aid not restricted	32,326,877	28,308,006
Property taxes	8,662,371	8,221,948
Other general revenues	7,690,108	3,975,944
Total revenues	<u>69,004,031</u>	<u>53,887,545</u>
Expenses		
Instruction-related	32,366,884	26,665,807
Pupil services	8,076,475	6,991,591
Administration	3,993,086	3,359,090
Plant services	4,913,955	4,147,066
All other services	3,541,701	3,330,579
Total expenses	<u>52,892,101</u>	<u>44,494,133</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ 16,111,930</u>	<u>\$ 9,393,412</u>

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities*, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$52,892,101. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$8,662,371 because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs of \$133,180 or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$20,191,495. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$32,326,877 in Federal and State funds and with \$7,690,108 in other revenues, including interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's largest functions: instruction- related services, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Net Cost of Services		
	2023	2022	Variance
Instruction-related	\$ (19,749,117)	\$ (18,725,616)	\$ (1,023,501)
Pupil services	(2,978,771)	(3,467,043)	488,272
Administration	(2,802,380)	(2,709,895)	(92,485)
Plant services	(4,561,973)	(3,889,439)	(672,534)
All other services	(2,475,185)	(2,320,493)	(154,692)
Total	<u>\$ (32,567,426)</u>	<u>\$ (31,112,486)</u>	<u>\$ (1,454,940)</u>

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$60,130,456, which is an increase of \$26,487,942 from last year (Table 4).

Table 4

Governmental Funds	Balances and Activity			
	July 1, 2022	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	June 30, 2023
General	\$ 9,990,133	\$ 62,164,665	\$ 53,182,429	\$ 18,972,369
Student Activities	389,332	631,499	594,807	426,024
Child Development	59,519	638,083	573,813	123,789
Cafeteria	333,064	2,184,008	1,905,166	611,906
Building	14,287,446	14,808,808	1,278,445	27,817,809
Capital Facilities	371,306	175,779	62,076	485,009
County School Facilities	992,056	1,251,358	182,120	2,061,294
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	5,279,486	3,341,390	1,696,818	6,924,058
Bond Interest and Redemption	1,940,172	3,192,786	2,424,760	2,708,198
Total	<u>\$ 33,642,514</u>	<u>\$ 88,388,376</u>	<u>\$ 61,900,434</u>	<u>\$ 60,130,456</u>

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on September 13, 2023. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report.

The District budgeted an increase in the General Fund balance of \$278,549. While revenues and other sources were \$2,608,548 less than budgeted, expenditures and other uses were \$11,312,235 less than budgeted, leaving the fund with an increase of \$8,982,236.

CAPITAL ASSETS, RIGHT-TO-USE LEASED ASSETS, AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Leased Assets

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$60,428,733 in a broad range of capital assets and right-to-use leased assets (net of depreciation and amortization expenses), including land, buildings, equipment, and right-to-use leased assets (Table 4).

Table 5

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Land and construction in progress	\$ 12,051,283	\$ 6,322,166
Buildings and improvements	46,188,654	48,044,455
Equipment	2,149,738	2,195,895
Right-to-use leased assets	39,058	162,905
Total	<u>\$ 60,428,733</u>	<u>\$ 56,725,421</u>

This year's additions to capital assets include additions for buildings, building improvements, land improvements, equipment, and work in progress for construction projects. We present more detailed information about our capital assets and right-to-use leased assets in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of this year, the District had \$104,297,846 in obligations outstanding. Those obligations consisted of:

Table 6

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Long-Term Liabilities		
General obligation bonds	\$ 53,231,000	\$ 39,354,000
Certificates of participation	5,115,000	5,500,000
Unamortized premiums/(discounts)	2,815,006	2,409,656
Financed purchase agreements	20,345	39,816
Leases	39,035	168,323
Early retirement liabilities	55,311	110,622
Compensated absences	269,612	251,407
Net other postemployment benefits	13,758,723	11,090,228
Net pension liability	28,993,814	17,532,519
Total	<u>\$ 104,297,846</u>	<u>\$ 76,456,571</u>

At year-end, the District had a net pension liability of \$28,993,814 versus \$17,532,519 last year, an increase of \$11,461,295, or 65.4%. The District also reported deferred outflows of resources from pension activities of \$8,940,586, and deferred inflows of resources from pension activities of \$2,722,490. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in the Notes to Financial Statements.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023 ARE NOTED BELOW:

Projects completed include building upgrades and site improvements at the following school sites. Washington Union High School has completed the Health Career Technical Education lab and classroom project. At West Fresno Elementary School, the bus drop-off and parking renovations are partially finished. The District is almost finished with the District-wide HVAC replacement project at all school sites and the District office, with only the final electrical upgrades for the new HVAC units and power load remaining. The additional kindergarten classrooms at West Fresno Elementary School are currently under construction, and construction is starting on the multipurpose/cafeteria facility at West Fresno Middle School. Furthermore, we are in the planning stages for new classrooms at West Fresno Elementary School, as well as the construction of the new administrative office for West Fresno Elementary School and a student services building at Washington Union High School.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The budget agreement for the upcoming fiscal years presents significant updates to the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) and various education-related grants. The LCFF sees a substantial increase above the statutory cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) of 8.22% for the 2023-2024 fiscal year. This adjustment, larger than the previously stated 6.56%, is expected to enhance LCFF funding by a notable margin over the 2022-2023 rates. The approach of utilizing a three-year average for average daily attendance (ADA) in LCFF apportionments continues, providing ongoing benefits to school districts. Additionally, local educational agencies (LEAs) that engaged in or were exempt from offering independent study in the previous year may receive ADA mitigation to counteract attendance declines experienced in the 2021-2022 school year.

The Learning Recovery Emergency Block Grant receives a one-time allocation of \$7.9 billion for LEAs, based on the 2021-2022 ADA figures and the unduplicated pupil percentage (UPP) from the same period. However, this funding has been reduced by \$1.1 billion, with the intention of restoration in subsequent fiscal years, starting from 2025-2026. The Arts, Music, and Instructional Materials Discretionary Block Grant also faces a reduction, now set to provide approximately \$3.5 billion on a per-ADA basis. The budget also marks a significant increase in funding for comprehensive before, after, and summer school programs, jumping from \$1.7 billion to \$4.0 billion, beginning in 2022-2023.

A new component in the budget is the funding for home-to-school transportation, introducing ongoing funds of \$637 million. This will ensure that school districts and county offices of education are reimbursed for transportation costs plus the annual COLA, up to a certain threshold.

The District will focus on utilizing one-time funds from various sources, such as ESSER, CARES Act Funds, and Governor's Emergency Education Relief Funds, for pandemic response and learning recovery through the 2023-2024 fiscal year. Emphasis will be on balancing the operational budget post this funding period to cater to the comprehensive needs of all students.

Maintaining reserves above the state-required three percent is crucial for operational and cash-flow stability. The District aims to increase its reserves through careful planning and fiscal restraint. This includes adhering to projected staffing costs at approved levels and maintaining expenditure for supplies, services, and operating costs based on historical spending.

The following circumstances which could affect the financial health of the District include:

- Increase to employer contributions to CalSTRS and CalPERS
- Increase to minimum wage impacting employee recruitment and retention, amid wage competition from industries like fast-food
- Increasing health care costs
- Average Daily Attendance rates
- Student enrollment
- Housing availability and construction
- Inflationary cost increases
- Interest rate increases and recessionary anticipations

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Washington Unified School District.

Chris M. Vaz
Chief Business Official
Washington Unified School District
7950 S. Elm Avenue, Fresno, California 93706

Washington Unified School District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 61,154,140
Receivables	6,033,114
Prepaid expense	5,000
Stores inventories	438
Lease receivable	41,791
Capital assets not depreciated	12,051,283
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	48,338,392
Right-to-use leased assets, net of accumulated amortization	39,058
	<u>127,663,216</u>
Total assets	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	570,745
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	1,981,092
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	8,940,586
	<u>11,492,423</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	5,396,702
Unearned revenue	1,665,534
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due within one year	1,793,285
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year	59,752,024
Net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB)	13,758,723
Aggregate net pension liabilities	28,993,814
	<u>111,360,082</u>
Total liabilities	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	22,123
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	1,975,284
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	2,722,490
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	41,791
	<u>4,761,688</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	27,574,778
Restricted for	
Debt service	2,708,198
Capital projects	2,546,303
Educational programs	11,400,482
Child Nutrition	611,806
Student activities	426,024
Unrestricted (deficit)	(22,233,722)
	<u>\$ 23,033,869</u>
Total net position	

Washington Unified School District

Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expenses)
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	\$ 27,645,093	\$ 63,934	\$ 10,513,186	\$ 1,251,359	\$ (15,816,614)
Instruction-related activities					
Supervision of instruction	2,298,428	379	595,533	-	(1,702,516)
Instructional library, media, and technology	270,728	58	3,698	-	(266,972)
School site administration	2,152,635	9,027	180,593	-	(1,963,015)
Pupil services					
Home-to-school transportation	2,384,874	-	355,179	-	(2,029,695)
Food services	2,066,728	8,869	1,918,334	-	(139,525)
All other pupil services	3,624,873	4,546	2,810,776	-	(809,551)
Administration					
Data processing	838,948	-	251,160	-	(587,788)
All other administration	3,154,138	427	939,119	-	(2,214,592)
Plant services	4,913,955	6,225	345,757	-	(4,561,973)
Ancillary services	1,138,795	-	674,653	-	(464,142)
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,771,531	-	-	-	(1,771,531)
Other outgo	631,375	39,715	352,148	-	(239,512)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 52,892,101</u>	<u>\$ 133,180</u>	<u>\$ 18,940,136</u>	<u>\$ 1,251,359</u>	<u>(32,567,426)</u>
General Revenues and Subventions					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes					5,641,394
Property taxes, levied for debt service					2,830,502
Taxes levied for other specific purposes					190,475
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes					32,326,877
Interest and investment earnings					(912,350)
Interagency revenues					9,177
Special and extraordinary					505,171
Miscellaneous and unspent State entitlement revenues					8,088,110
Subtotal, general revenues and subventions					<u>48,679,356</u>
Change in Net Position					16,111,930
Net Position - Beginning					<u>6,921,939</u>
Net Position - Ending					\$ 23,033,869

Washington Unified School District

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Deposits and investments	\$ 22,515,812	\$ 27,979,166	\$ 4,361,659	\$ 6,297,503	\$ 61,154,140
Receivables	5,033,672	215,034	161,509	622,899	6,033,114
Due from other funds	134,588	-	3,300,475	-	3,435,063
Prepaid expenditures	5,000	-	-	-	5,000
Stores inventories	438	-	-	-	438
Lease receivable	-	-	41,791	-	41,791
Total assets	\$ 27,689,510	\$ 28,194,200	\$ 7,865,434	\$ 6,920,402	\$ 70,669,546
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 3,820,003	\$ 376,391	\$ 899,585	\$ 300,723	\$ 5,396,702
Due to other funds	3,300,475	-	-	134,588	3,435,063
Unearned revenue	1,596,663	-	-	68,871	1,665,534
Total liabilities	8,717,141	376,391	899,585	504,182	10,497,299
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	-	-	41,791	-	41,791
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	15,438	-	-	100	15,538
Restricted	11,276,693	27,817,809	-	6,416,120	45,510,622
Assigned	485,264	-	6,924,058	-	7,409,322
Unassigned	7,194,974	-	-	-	7,194,974
Total fund balances	18,972,369	27,817,809	6,924,058	6,416,220	60,130,456
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 27,689,510	\$ 28,194,200	\$ 7,865,434	\$ 6,920,402	\$ 70,669,546

Washington Unified School District
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 60,130,456
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is	\$ 90,032,538	
Accumulated depreciation is	<u>(29,642,863)</u>	
Net capital assets		60,389,675
Right-to-use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of right-to-use leased assets is	65,096	
Accumulated amortization is	<u>(26,038)</u>	
Net right-to-use leased assets		39,058
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to		
Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)	570,745	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	1,981,092	
Net pension liability	<u>8,940,586</u>	
Total deferred outflows of resources		11,492,423
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to		
Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)	(22,123)	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	(1,975,284)	
Net pension liability	<u>(2,722,490)</u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources		(4,719,897)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(28,993,814)
The District's OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(13,758,723)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
General obligation bonds and premiums/discounts	(56,046,006)	
Certificates of participation	(5,115,000)	
Leases	(39,035)	
Compensated absences (vacations)	(269,612)	
Special termination benefits payable	<u>(75,656)</u>	
Total long-term liabilities		<u>(61,545,309)</u>
Total net position - governmental activities		<u>\$ 23,033,869</u>

Washington Unified School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 36,851,116	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,851,116
Federal sources	9,055,386	-	-	1,902,655	10,958,041
Other State sources	13,273,712	-	-	2,171,818	15,445,530
Other local sources	2,984,451	(320,470)	40,915	3,623,147	6,328,043
Total revenues	62,164,665	(320,470)	40,915	7,697,620	69,582,730
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction	26,472,112	-	-	452,361	26,924,473
Instruction-related activities					
Supervision of instruction	2,291,197	-	-	78,088	2,369,285
Instructional library, media, and technology	265,986	-	-	-	265,986
School site administration	2,108,808	-	-	1,235	2,110,043
Pupil services					
Home-to-school transportation	1,727,148	-	-	-	1,727,148
Food services	32,663	-	-	1,800,839	1,833,502
All other pupil services	3,658,190	-	-	-	3,658,190
Administration					
Data processing	811,745	-	-	-	811,745
All other administration	2,949,922	-	-	118,591	3,068,513
Plant services	4,666,215	-	7,453	72,696	4,746,364
Ancillary services	545,601	-	-	594,807	1,140,408
Other outgo	592,097	39,278	-	-	631,375
Facility acquisition and construction	3,192,493	988,936	1,675,565	199,365	6,056,359
Debt service					
Principal	404,471	-	-	1,123,000	1,527,471
Interest and other	163,306	250,231	13,800	1,301,760	1,729,097
Total expenditures	49,881,954	1,278,445	1,696,818	5,742,742	58,599,959
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	12,282,711	(1,598,915)	(1,655,903)	1,954,878	10,982,771
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	3,300,475	-	3,300,475
Proceeds from bond issuances	-	15,129,278	-	375,893	15,505,171
Transfers out	(3,300,475)	-	-	-	(3,300,475)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,300,475)	15,129,278	3,300,475	375,893	15,505,171
Net Change in Fund Balances	8,982,236	13,530,363	1,644,572	2,330,771	26,487,942
Fund Balance - Beginning	9,990,133	14,287,446	5,279,486	4,085,449	33,642,514
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 18,972,369	\$ 27,817,809	\$ 6,924,058	\$ 6,416,220	\$ 60,130,456

Washington Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental
Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 26,487,942

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of
Activities are Different Because

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expenses in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation and amortization expense in the period.

Capital outlays	\$	6,352,601
Depreciation and amortization expenses		<u>(2,644,304)</u>

Net expense adjustment 3,708,297

Loss on disposal of capital assets is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, but is not recorded in the governmental funds. (4,985)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between vacation earned and used. (18,205)

In the Statement of Activities, special termination benefits (early retirement) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). 55,311

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year. 1,704,708

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net OPEB liability during the year. (2,020,020)

Washington Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental
Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Proceeds received from general obligation bonds or certificates of participation are a revenue in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not affect the Statement of Activities. (15,000,000)

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

Premium on issuance recognized	(505,171)
Deferred charge on refunding recognized	(53,580)
Premium amortization	101,989
Discount amortization	(2,168)
Deferred charge on refunding amortization	1,053

Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

General obligation bonds	1,123,000
Certificates of participation	385,000
Financed purchase agreements	19,471
Leases	129,288

Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 16,111,930
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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**Financial Reporting Entity**

The Washington Unified School District (the District) was formed on July 1, 2011, from the unification of the American Union Elementary School District, the Washington Union High School District, and the West Fresno Elementary School District, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected seven-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates two elementary schools, one middle school, one high school, a continuation high school, a community day school, and an independent study site.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Washington Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are comprised of governmental funds.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

One fund currently defined as a special revenue fund in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, the Special Reserve Postemployment Benefits Fund, is not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While this fund is authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, this fund functions effectively as an extension of the General Fund, and accordingly has been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements. As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase of \$485,264 in fund balance.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activities Fund** The Student Activities Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- **Child Development Fund** The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.
- **Cafeteria Fund** The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- **Capital Facilities Fund** The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and *Government Code* Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).
- **County School Facilities Fund** The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction,

modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070 et seq.).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; which differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation and amortization of leased assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

- **Governmental Funds** All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the

governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization expenses, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide statements.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county pools are determined by the county treasurer.

Prepaid Expenditures (Expenses)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2023.

The District records the value of intangible right-to-use assets based on the underlying leased asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The right-to-use intangible asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position as long-term liabilities.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, debt premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance and discounts paid are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, for OPEB related items, and for leases.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Leases

The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease term, the District measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external

restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$17,692,813 of restricted net position.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Fresno bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds	<u><u>\$ 61,154,140</u></u>
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Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 406,082
Cash in revolving	10,100
Investments	<u>60,737,958</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 61,154,140</u></u>

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool which purchases a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and which also times cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The District maintains an investment of \$60,670,096 in the Fresno County Treasury Investment Pool that has an average weighted maturity of 862 days.

Segmented Time Distribution

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

Investment Type	Reported Amount	12 Months or Less	13 - 24 Months	25 - 60 Months	More Than 60 Months
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 48,382	\$ 48,382	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Money Market Mutual Funds	19,480	-	-	-	19,480
Total	<u>\$ 67,862</u>	<u>\$ 48,382</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 19,480</u>

Credit Risk - Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment with the Fresno County Investment Pool is currently not rated, nor is it required to be rated.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2023, \$138,379 of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, and local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal Government Categorical aid	\$ 3,467,991	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 417,351	\$ 3,885,342
State Government Categorical aid	1,054,966	215,034	161,509	89,063	1,520,572
Local Sources	<u>510,715</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>116,485</u>	<u>627,200</u>
Total	<u>\$ 5,033,672</u>	<u>\$ 215,034</u>	<u>\$ 161,509</u>	<u>\$ 622,899</u>	<u>\$ 6,033,114</u>

Note 4 - Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Leased Assets

Capital assets and right-to-use leased assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,432,571	\$ 83,374	\$ -	\$ 2,515,945
Construction in progress	3,889,595	5,645,743	-	9,535,338
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,322,166	5,729,117	-	12,051,283
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	18,893,210	-	-	18,893,210
Buildings and improvements	50,918,644	303,926	-	51,222,570
Furniture and equipment	7,564,494	319,558	(18,577)	7,865,475
Total capital assets being depreciated	77,376,348	623,484	(18,577)	77,981,255
Total capital assets	83,698,514	6,352,601	(18,577)	90,032,538
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(5,147,522)	(876,132)	-	(6,023,654)
Buildings and improvements	(16,619,877)	(1,283,595)	-	(17,903,472)
Furniture and equipment	(5,368,599)	(360,730)	13,592	(5,715,737)
Total accumulated depreciation	(27,135,998)	(2,520,457)	13,592	(29,642,863)
Net depreciable capital assets	50,240,350	(1,896,973)	(4,985)	48,338,392
Right-to-use leased assets being amortized				
Buildings and improvements	137,511	-	(72,415)	65,096
Furniture and equipment	449,443	-	(449,443)	-
Total right-to-use leased assets being amortized	586,954	-	(521,858)	65,096
Accumulated amortization				
Buildings and improvements	(64,481)	(33,972)	72,415	(26,038)
Furniture and equipment	(359,568)	(89,875)	449,443	-
Total accumulated amortization	(424,049)	(123,847)	521,858	(26,038)
Net right-to-use leased assets	162,905	(123,847)	-	39,058
Governmental activities capital assets and right-to-use leased assets, net	\$ 56,725,421	\$ 3,708,297	\$ (4,985)	\$ 60,428,733

Depreciation and amortization expenses were charged to functional expenses as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 1,249,285
School site administration	75,614
Home-to-school transportation	655,319
Food services	201,637
General administrations	50,409
Data processing	25,205
Plant services	386,835
	<u>386,835</u>
Total depreciation and amortization expenses - governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,644,304</u>

Note 5 - Lease Receivables

The District has entered into a lease agreement. The lease receivable is summarized below:

<u>Lease Receivable</u>	<u>Outstanding July 1, 2022</u>	<u>Deletion</u>	<u>Outstanding June 30, 2023</u>
Lease of two classrooms	<u>\$ 55,652</u>	<u>\$ (13,861)</u>	<u>\$ 41,791</u>

Classrooms Lease

Fresno County Superintendent of Schools

The District entered into a five-year agreement with the Fresno County Superintendent of Schools (FCSS), beginning August 1, 2018, for a classroom building lease. Under the terms of the lease, FCSS agreed to pay yearly payments of \$14,000, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$70,000 over the lease term. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 3.0%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources of \$41,791.

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions**Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)**

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023, between major and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Due from Other Funds</u>	<u>Due to Other Funds</u>
Major Governmental Funds		
General	\$ 134,588	\$ 3,300,475
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	3,300,475	-
Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Child Development	-	48,437
Cafeteria	-	86,151
Total	\$ 3,435,063	\$ 3,435,063
The General Fund owes the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for capital outlay projects.		\$ 3,110,000
The General Fund owes the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for redevelopment agencies local property taxes.		190,475
The Child Development Non-Major Governmental Fund owes the General Fund for indirect costs.		48,437
The Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund owes the General Fund for indirect costs.		86,151
Total		\$ 3,435,063

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for capital outlay projects.	\$ 3,110,000
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for the Redevelopment Agency local property taxes.	<u>190,475</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 3,300,475</u></u>

Note 7 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Vendor payables	\$ 2,139,143	\$ 376,391	\$ 899,585	\$ 274,416	\$ 3,689,535
LCFF apportionment	251,801	-	-	-	251,801
Salaries and benefits	1,429,059	-	-	26,307	1,455,366
Total	<u><u>\$ 3,820,003</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 376,391</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 899,585</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 300,723</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,396,702</u></u>

Note 8 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal financial assistance	\$ 1,324,161	\$ -	\$ 1,324,161
State categorical aid	272,502	68,871	341,373
Total	<u><u>\$ 1,596,663</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 68,871</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,665,534</u></u>

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions**Summary**

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 39,354,000	\$ 15,000,000	\$ (1,123,000)	\$ 53,231,000	\$ 1,305,000
Certificates of participation	5,500,000	-	(385,000)	5,115,000	400,000
Unamortized debt premiums	2,435,674	505,171	(101,989)	2,838,856	-
Unamortized debt discounts	(26,018)	-	2,168	(23,850)	-
Financed purchase agreements	39,816	-	(19,471)	20,345	20,345
Leases	168,323	-	(129,288)	39,035	12,629
Early retirement liabilities	110,622	-	(55,311)	55,311	55,311
Compensated absences	251,407	18,205	-	269,612	-
Total	<u>\$ 47,833,824</u>	<u>\$ 15,523,376</u>	<u>\$ (1,811,891)</u>	<u>\$ 61,545,309</u>	<u>\$ 1,793,285</u>

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local tax revenues. Payments on the certificates of participation and financed purchase agreements are made by the General Fund. The unamortized debt premiums and unamortized debt discounts will be amortized over the life of the related debt. The leases are paid by the fund using the right-to-use asset, which is the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects. The compensated absences and early retirement incentive are paid by the fund for which the employee worked, which is mainly the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2022	Issued	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2023
5/4/2010	5/1/2023	4.5-5.0%	\$2,365,000	\$ 130,000	\$ -	\$ (130,000)	\$ -
2/13/2013	8/1/2043	2.0-5.0%	11,965,000	4,200,000	-	(145,000)	4,055,000
10/13/2016	8/1/2043	2.0-5.0%	10,035,000	1,670,000	-	-	1,670,000
10/9/2018	8/1/2034	3.4-4.4%	2,865,000	2,740,000	-	(50,000)	2,690,000
8/27/2020	8/1/2042	0.508-3.153%	7,560,000	7,440,000	-	(100,000)	7,340,000
1/12/2021	8/1/2050	0.52-4.00%	15,500,000	13,880,000	-	(565,000)	13,315,000
3/16/2023	8/1/2053	4.0-5.0%	15,000,000	-	15,000,000	-	15,000,000
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements							
5/25/2022	8/1/2043	3.75%	9,294,000	9,294,000	-	(133,000)	9,161,000
Total				<u>\$39,354,000</u>	<u>\$ 15,000,000</u>	<u>\$ (1,123,000)</u>	<u>\$ 53,231,000</u>

2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

Prior to the unification and formation of the Washington Unified School District, on May 4, 2010, the West Fresno Elementary School District issued \$2,365,000 of 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The bonds were issued to refund the remaining outstanding obligation of the 1997 Series A and Series B General Obligation Bonds that were issued previously by the District. The bonds were issued as current interest bonds. Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1 of each year commencing May 1, 2011.

2012 Series A General Obligation Bonds

On February 13, 2013, the District issued \$11,965,000 of Election of 2012, Series A General Obligation Bonds. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters of the District held on November 6, 2012, which authorized the issuance of \$22,000,000 principal amount of general obligation bonds for the purpose of financing the construction, renovation, modernization and equipping of school facilities. The Series A bonds were the first series of bonds to be issued under the authorization. The bonds were issued as current interest bonds. Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year commencing August 1, 2013.

2012 Series B General Obligation Bonds

On October 13, 2016, the District issued \$10,035,000 of Election of 2012, Series B General Obligation Bonds. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters of the District held on November 6, 2012, which authorized the issuance of \$22,000,000 principal amount of general obligation bonds. The Series B bonds were the second and final series of bonds to be issued under the authorization. The bonds were issued as current interest bonds. Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year commencing February 1, 2017. The bonds were issued to refinance certain District capital costs through the prepayment, on a current basis, of a portion of the District's 2013 Certificates of Participation and the advance refunding of all of the District's outstanding 2015 Bond Anticipation Notes.

2018 General Obligations Refunding Bonds

On October 9, 2018, the District issued \$2,865,000 of 2018 General Obligation Bonds. The bonds were issued to advance refund the West Fresno Elementary School District's 1997 General Obligation Bonds, Series C, consisting of a term bond maturing in the year 2035.

Election of 2020, General Obligation Refunding Bond Issuance

On August 27, 2020, the District issued \$7,560,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to be funded by the tax payers within the District. The bonds were issued to advance a portion of the callable outstanding maturities of the District's general obligation bonds, Election of 2012, Series A, consisting of current interest serial bonds maturing in the years 2024 through 2028, inclusive, and current interest bonds maturing in the years 2033, 2038, 2043 (as to portion of same to be refunded, the "Refunding Bonds"), and to pay costs of issuance of the Bonds. The interest rates on the bonds range from 1.000% to 3.153% and mature August 1, 2030, through August 1, 2042, and required mandatory sinking fund payments during the period. Interest payments are required on the outstanding bonds each February 1 and August 1 commencing February 1, 2021.

Election of 2020, Series A, General Obligation Bond Issuance

On January 12, 2021, the District issued \$15,500,000 of general obligation bonds to be funded by the tax payers within the District. The bonds were issued to finance the cost of construction, repair, modernization, acquisition, and equipping of school classrooms, facilities, and school sites within the District. The interest rate on the bonds is 4.00% and mature from August 1, 2040 through August 1, 2050 and required mandatory sinking fund payments during the period. Interest payments are required on the outstanding bonds each February 1 and August 1 commencing August 1, 2021.

2022 Refunding General Obligations Bonds – Direct Purchase

On May 25, 2022, the District issued \$9,294,000 of 2022 Refunding General Obligation Bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to partially refinance General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2012, Series A and B, that were previously issued by the District. The bonds were issued as current interest bonds. Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year commencing August 1, 2022.

The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow savings of \$1,316,976 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$948,764 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and new debt service requirements discounted at 3.11%.

Election of 2020, Series B, General Obligation Bond Issuance

On March 28, 2023, the District issued \$15,000,000 of general obligation bonds to be funded by the tax payers within the District. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing acquisition, construction, and modernization of school facilities. The interest rate on the bonds is 5.00% and mature from August 1, 2040 through August 1, 2053, and required mandatory sinking fund payments during the period. Interest payments are required on the outstanding bonds each February 1 and August 1 commencing August 1, 2023.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The current interest bonds mature as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest to Maturity</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 1,305,000	\$ 1,937,434	\$ 3,242,434
2025	1,105,000	2,004,046	3,109,046
2026	1,125,000	1,963,452	3,088,452
2027	660,000	1,889,288	2,549,288
2028	802,000	1,823,009	2,625,009
2029-2033	5,963,000	8,610,595	14,573,595
2034-2038	8,987,000	7,277,300	16,264,300
2039-2043	13,059,000	5,488,111	18,547,111
2044-2048	8,405,000	3,403,608	11,808,608
2049-2053	9,755,000	1,530,127	11,285,127
2054	2,065,000	47,107	2,112,107
Total	<u>\$ 53,231,000</u>	<u>\$ 35,974,077</u>	<u>\$ 89,205,077</u>

Certificates of Participation

On October 27, 2016, the Washington Unified School District entered into a lease-lease back agreement with the Public Property Financing Corporation of California which issued refunding certificates of participation in the amount of \$7,295,000 with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0%. The certificates were issued to refund a portion of the outstanding 2013 Certificates of Participation. The lease payments are made for the Corporation to pay the Certificates of Participation interest and principal payments when due.

The certificates mature through 2034 as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 400,000	\$ 147,819	\$ 547,819
2025	415,000	135,593	550,593
2026	425,000	122,994	547,994
2027	440,000	110,018	550,018
2028	450,000	97,794	547,794
2029-2033	2,450,000	280,321	2,730,321
2034	535,000	8,694	543,694
Total	<u>\$ 5,115,000</u>	<u>\$ 903,233</u>	<u>\$ 6,018,233</u>

Financed Purchase Agreements

The District has entered into agreements to lease vehicles and for a security system. Such agreements are, in substance, purchases and are reported as financed purchases. The financed purchase agreements have minimum lease payments as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	<u>\$ 20,345</u>	<u>\$ 914</u>	<u>\$ 21,259</u>

Leases

The District has entered into agreements to lease various facilities and equipment. The District's liability on lease agreements is summarized below:

<u>Lease</u>	<u>Leases Outstanding July 1, 2022</u>	<u>Payments</u>	<u>Leases Outstanding June 30, 2023</u>
Copier lease	\$ 95,354	\$ (95,354)	\$ -
Portable classroom leases	<u>72,969</u>	<u>(33,934)</u>	<u>39,035</u>
Total	<u>\$ 168,323</u>	<u>\$ (129,288)</u>	<u>\$ 39,035</u>

Copier Lease

The District entered into an agreement to lease copiers for five years, beginning July 1, 2018, with one successive term of one year. The one successive term is deemed reasonably certain not to be exercised, the total term is five years. Under the terms of the lease, the District paid the monthly payments of \$8,076, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$484,555. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 3%. At June 30, 2023, this agreement has ended. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$89,875 in amortization expense and \$1,822 in interest expense for the right-to-use the copiers. The District also pays for each additional copy in excess of the contracted amount, which is not included in the measurement of the lease liability as they are variable in nature.

Portable Classroom Leases

The District entered into various agreements to lease portable classrooms. Under the terms of the leases, the District paid total principal and interest costs of \$132,711 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The annual interest rate charged on the leases is 3%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset of \$65,096 and a lease liability of \$39,035 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$33,972 in amortization expense and \$1,539 in interest expense for the right-to-use the portables classrooms.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the lease obligation debt as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 12,629	\$ 1,171	\$ 13,800
2025	13,008	792	13,800
2026	13,398	402	13,800
Total	<u>\$ 39,035</u>	<u>\$ 2,365</u>	<u>\$ 41,400</u>

PARS Early Retirement Incentive

The District entered into an agreement with four employees where the employees would be given varying amounts per participant for five years. The outstanding liability for this plan was \$55,311 at June 30, 2023.

Year Ending June 30,	Payment
2024	<u>\$ 55,311</u>

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences (unpaid employee vacation) for the District at June 30, 2023, amounted to \$269,612.

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported total OPEB liability and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Total OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
District Plan	\$ 13,637,498	\$ 1,981,092	\$ 1,975,284	\$ 2,541,258
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program	121,225	-	-	(23,730)
Total	<u>\$ 13,758,723</u>	<u>\$ 1,981,092</u>	<u>\$ 1,975,284</u>	<u>\$ 2,517,528</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

District Plan**Plan Administration**

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2022, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	26
Active employees	<u>264</u>
Total	<u>290</u>

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Contributions

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Washington Unified Faculty Association (WUFA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District, WUFA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups. For measurement period of June 30, 2023, the District paid \$497,508 in benefits.

Total OPEB Liability of the District

The District's total OPEB liability of \$13,637,498 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023, was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2023. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.86%
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.00% for 2023

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates were both based on the CalSTRS Experience Analysis (2015-2018) for certificated employees and CalPERS Experience Study (2000-2019) for classified employees.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2022.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 10,945,273
Service cost	1,017,775
Interest	501,526
Changes of benefit terms	1,002,956
Differences between expected and actual experience	(373,273)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,040,749
Benefit payments	(497,508)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,692,225
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 13,637,498

Changes in Benefit Terms - Change in the Maximum Annual Contribution for certificated and management employees (cap) effective July 1, 2022.

Changes of Assumptions - The discount rate assumption was changed from 3.69% to 3.86% since the previous report. The inflation rate assumption was changed from 2.75% to 2.50% since the previous report. Additionally, the health trend rate changed from 4.00% to 6.00% since the previous report.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.86%)	\$ 14,879,087
Current discount rate (3.86%)	13,637,498
1% increase (4.86%)	12,489,875

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rate:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (5.0%)	\$ 11,907,908
Current healthcare cost trend rate (6.0%)	13,637,498
1% increase (7.0%)	15,721,546

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,541,258. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 472,181
Changes of assumptions	1,981,092	1,503,103
Total	<u>\$ 1,981,092</u>	<u>\$ 1,975,284</u>

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the differences between expected and actual experience and changes of assumptions in the OPEB actuarial report will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources
2024	\$ 304,371
2025	304,371
2026	304,371
2027	275,614
2028	195,439
Thereafter	596,926
Total	<u>\$ 1,981,092</u>

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2024	\$ (285,370)
2025	(285,370)
2026	(285,370)
2027	(282,699)
2028	(280,023)
Thereafter	(556,452)
Total	<u>\$ (1,975,284)</u>

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012, and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$121,225 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.0368% and 0.0363%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0005%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(23,730).

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2022, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.54%	2.16%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2021, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 209 or an average of 0.14% of the potentially eligible population (145,282).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2022, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, is 3.54%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 3.54%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2022, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate increased 1.38% from 2.16% as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.54%)	\$ 132,159
Current discount rate (3.54%)	121,225
1% increase (4.54%)	111,758

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rates	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B)	\$ 111,229
Current Medicare costs trend rates (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)	121,225
1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)	132,557

Note 11 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Revolving cash	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ 10,100
Stores inventories	438	-	-	-	438
Prepaid expenditures	5,000	-	-	-	5,000
Total nonspendable	15,438	-	-	100	15,538
Restricted					
Legally restricted programs	11,276,693	-	-	123,789	11,400,482
Student activities	-	-	-	426,024	426,024
Food service	-	-	-	611,806	611,806
Capital projects	-	27,817,809	-	2,546,303	30,364,112
Debt services	-	-	-	2,708,198	2,708,198
Total restricted	11,276,693	27,817,809	-	6,416,120	45,510,622
Assigned					
Postemployment benefits	485,264	-	-	-	485,264
Capital projects	-	-	6,924,058	-	6,924,058
Total assigned	485,264	-	6,924,058	-	7,409,322
Unassigned					
Remaining unassigned	7,194,974	-	-	-	7,194,974
Total	\$ 18,972,369	\$ 27,817,809	\$ 6,924,058	\$ 6,416,220	\$ 60,130,456

Note 12 - Risk Management**Property and Liability**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the District contracted with Organization of Self-Insured Schools for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2023, the District participated in the Fresno County Self-Insurance Group, an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Fresno County Self-Insurance Group is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Fresno County Self-Insurance Group. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the Fresno County Self-Insurance Group. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Fresno County Self-Insurance Group. Participation in the Fresno County Self-Insurance Group is limited to districts that can meet the Fresno County Self-Insurance Group selection criteria.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with the California's Valued Trust (CVT) to provide employee health benefits. CVT is a shared risk pool. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating Districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

Note 13 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS	\$ 17,038,469	\$ 4,344,890	\$ 2,383,609	\$ 1,382,572
CalPERS	11,955,345	4,595,696	338,881	1,627,994
Total	<u>\$ 28,993,814</u>	<u>\$ 8,940,586</u>	<u>\$ 2,722,490</u>	<u>\$ 3,010,566</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%
Required state contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$3,156,074.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share	
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 17,038,469
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	8,532,798
Total	<u>\$ 25,571,267</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.0245% and 0.0242%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0003%.

Washington Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,382,572. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$688,165 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 3,156,074	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	329,855	272,865
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	833,214
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	13,977	1,277,530
Changes of assumptions	844,984	-
Total	<u>\$ 4,344,890</u>	<u>\$ 2,383,609</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	\$ (612,057)
2025	(663,061)
2026	(996,051)
2027	1,437,955
Total	<u>\$ (833,214)</u>

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	\$ 369,195
2025	(221,034)
2026	(206,918)
2027	(99,870)
2028	(154,234)
Thereafter	(48,718)
Total	<u>\$ (361,579)</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent

consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Real estate	15%	3.6%
Private equity	13%	6.3%
Fixed income	12%	1.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	(0.4%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 28,937,639
Current discount rate (7.10%)	17,038,469
1% increase (8.10%)	7,158,579

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)**Plan Description**

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at:

<https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	25.370%	25.370%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$1,559,149.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$11,955,345. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.0347% and 0.0321%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0026%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,627,994. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 1,559,199	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	686,475	41,416
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,411,602	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	54,031	297,465
Changes of assumptions	884,389	-
Total	<u>\$ 4,595,696</u>	<u>\$ 338,881</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources</u>
2024	\$ 235,411
2025	208,793
2026	106,655
2027	860,743
Total	<u>\$ 1,411,602</u>

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources</u>
2024	\$ 462,152
2025	449,672
2026	365,661
2027	8,529
Total	<u>\$ 1,286,014</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.45%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the School Employer Pool investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 17,270,101
Current discount rate (6.90%)	11,955,345
1% increase (7.90%)	7,562,894

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$1,368,853 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual Budget Act for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies**Grants**

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

Capital Project	Remaining Construction Commitment	Expected Date of Completion
Washington Union High School CTE	\$ 87,346	November 1, 2023
District-Wide HVAC project	1,498,613	March 1, 2024
West Fresno Elementary site improvement project	202,041	December 1, 2024
West Fresno Elementary classroom modernization	3,189,379	March 1, 2024
American Union, Washington Union, and West Fresno electrical upgrades	<u>472,307</u>	March 1, 2024
Total	<u><u>\$ 5,449,686</u></u>	

Note 15 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools and Joint Powers Authorities

The District is a member of the Fresno County Self-Insurance Group (FCSIG), the Organization of Self-Insured Schools (OSS) and the California's Valued Trust (CVT) public entity risk pools. The District pays an annual premium to each entity for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements.

The District has appointed no members to the governing board of FCSIG.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District made payment of \$444,473 to FCSIG for workers' compensation insurance.

The District has appointed no members to the governing board of OSS.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District made payment of \$319,517 to OSS for liability and property damage insurance.

The District has appointed one member to the governing board of CVT.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District made payment of \$5,283,376 to CVT for health coverage.



Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2023

Washington Unified School District

Washington Unified School District
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 34,920,235	\$ 38,710,056	\$ 36,851,116	\$ (1,858,940)
Federal sources	11,834,465	18,089,779	9,055,386	(9,034,393)
Other State sources	3,870,722	5,449,869	13,273,712	7,823,843
Other local sources	1,850,090	2,523,509	2,984,451	460,942
Total revenues ¹	52,475,512	64,773,213	62,164,665	(2,608,548)
Expenditures				
Current				
Certificated salaries	15,969,806	19,119,120	16,849,443	2,269,677
Classified salaries	5,865,663	7,252,906	6,380,954	871,952
Employee benefits	10,693,880	14,202,052	12,623,797	1,578,255
Books and supplies	2,646,089	3,578,793	2,468,543	1,110,250
Services and operating expenditures	6,844,361	11,775,748	7,011,268	4,764,480
Other outgo	662,878	489,014	473,504	15,510
Capital outlay	7,011,517	7,377,822	3,506,668	3,871,154
Debt service				
Debt service - principal	419,557	420,345	404,471	15,874
Debt service - interest and other	165,200	148,733	163,306	(14,573)
Total expenditures ¹	50,278,951	64,364,533	49,881,954	14,482,579
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,196,561	408,680	12,282,711	11,874,031
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers out	(130,131)	(130,131)	(3,300,475)	(3,170,344)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,066,430	278,549	8,982,236	8,703,687
Fund Balance - Beginning	9,990,133	9,990,133	9,990,133	-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 12,056,563	\$ 10,268,682	\$ 18,972,369	\$ 8,703,687

¹ Due to the consolidation of Fund 20, Special Reserve Postemployment Benefits Fund for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures, however are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 1,017,775	\$ 829,605	\$ 734,805
Interest	501,526	247,762	286,697
Changes of benefit terms	1,002,956	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(373,273)	-	(168,650)
Changes of assumptions	1,040,749	(1,965,595)	684,157
Benefit payments	(497,508)	(480,026)	(559,234)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,692,225	(1,368,254)	977,775
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	10,945,273	12,313,527	11,335,752
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 13,637,498</u>	<u>\$ 10,945,273</u>	<u>\$ 12,313,527</u>
Covered Payroll	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 665,801	\$ 614,988	\$ 509,444
Interest	330,944	329,564	318,774
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	(45,452)	-
Changes of assumptions	719,776	488,887	-
Benefit payments	(572,137)	(585,173)	(486,847)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,144,384	802,814	341,371
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	10,191,368	9,388,554	9,047,183
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 11,335,752</u>	<u>\$ 10,191,368</u>	<u>\$ 9,388,554</u>
Covered Payroll	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0368%	0.0363%	0.0412%	0.0408%	0.0421%	0.0426%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 121,225	\$ 144,955	\$ 174,450	\$ 151,907	\$ 161,039	\$ 179,244
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.94%)	(0.80%)	(0.71%)	(0.81%)	(0.40%)	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
CalSTRS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0245%	0.0242%	0.0236%	0.0231%	0.0234%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 17,038,469	\$ 11,002,466	\$ 22,894,312	\$ 20,825,984	\$ 21,542,881
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	8,532,798	5,536,014	11,802,021	11,361,965	12,334,307
Total	<u>\$ 25,571,267</u>	<u>\$ 16,538,480</u>	<u>\$ 34,696,333</u>	<u>\$ 32,187,949</u>	<u>\$ 33,877,188</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 14,841,135</u>	<u>\$ 12,899,901</u>	<u>\$ 12,851,211</u>	<u>\$ 12,494,779</u>	<u>\$ 12,531,601</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>114.81%</u>	<u>85.29%</u>	<u>178.15%</u>	<u>166.68%</u>	<u>171.91%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>81%</u>	<u>87%</u>	<u>72%</u>	<u>73%</u>	<u>71%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
CalPERS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0347%	0.0321%	0.0312%	0.0307%	0.0327%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,955,345	\$ 6,530,053	\$ 9,567,173	\$ 8,944,088	\$ 8,712,579
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 5,336,395</u>	<u>\$ 4,608,179</u>	<u>\$ 4,492,110</u>	<u>\$ 4,257,220</u>	<u>\$ 4,309,793</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>224.03%</u>	<u>141.71%</u>	<u>212.98%</u>	<u>210.09%</u>	<u>202.16%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>70%</u>	<u>81%</u>	<u>70%</u>	<u>70%</u>	<u>71%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS				
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0235%	0.0247%	0.0243%	0.0255%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 21,763,650	\$ 19,956,738	\$ 16,333,801	\$ 14,924,366
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	12,875,192	11,361,015	8,638,780	9,011,976
Total	<u>\$ 34,638,842</u>	<u>\$ 31,317,753</u>	<u>\$ 24,972,581</u>	<u>\$ 23,936,342</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 12,593,959</u>	<u>\$ 12,536,757</u>	<u>\$ 11,934,257</u>	<u>\$ 11,219,455</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>172.81%</u>	<u>159.19%</u>	<u>136.86%</u>	<u>133.02%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>69%</u>	<u>70%</u>	<u>74%</u>	<u>77%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
CalPERS				
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0326%	0.0335%	0.0339%	0.0314%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 7,773,328</u>	<u>\$ 6,616,581</u>	<u>\$ 4,996,194</u>	<u>\$ 3,567,659</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 4,446,997</u>	<u>\$ 4,020,967</u>	<u>\$ 3,753,165</u>	<u>\$ 3,110,103</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>174.80%</u>	<u>164.55%</u>	<u>133.12%</u>	<u>114.71%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>72%</u>	<u>74%</u>	<u>79%</u>	<u>83%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
CalSTRS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,156,074	\$ 2,511,120	\$ 2,083,334	\$ 2,197,557	\$ 2,034,150
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>3,156,074</u>	<u>2,511,120</u>	<u>2,083,334</u>	<u>2,197,557</u>	<u>2,034,150</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 16,523,948</u>	<u>\$ 14,841,135</u>	<u>\$ 12,899,901</u>	<u>\$ 12,851,211</u>	<u>\$ 12,494,779</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>19.10%</u>	<u>16.92%</u>	<u>16.15%</u>	<u>17.10%</u>	<u>16.28%</u>
CalPERS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,559,199	\$ 1,222,568	\$ 953,893	\$ 885,889	\$ 768,939
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>1,559,199</u>	<u>1,222,568</u>	<u>953,893</u>	<u>885,889</u>	<u>768,939</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 6,145,838</u>	<u>\$ 5,336,395</u>	<u>\$ 4,608,179</u>	<u>\$ 4,492,110</u>	<u>\$ 4,257,220</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>25.370%</u>	<u>22.910%</u>	<u>20.700%</u>	<u>19.721%</u>	<u>18.062%</u>

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,808,310	\$ 1,584,320	\$ 1,345,194	\$ 1,059,762
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>1,808,310</u>	<u>1,584,320</u>	<u>1,345,194</u>	<u>1,059,762</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 12,531,601</u>	<u>\$ 12,593,959</u>	<u>\$ 12,536,757</u>	<u>\$ 11,934,257</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>14.43%</u>	<u>12.58%</u>	<u>10.73%</u>	<u>8.88%</u>
CalPERS				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 669,354	\$ 617,599	\$ 476,364	\$ 441,785
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>669,354</u>	<u>617,599</u>	<u>476,364</u>	<u>441,785</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 4,309,793</u>	<u>\$ 4,446,997</u>	<u>\$ 4,020,967</u>	<u>\$ 3,753,165</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>15.531%</u>	<u>13.888%</u>	<u>11.847%</u>	<u>11.771%</u>

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the plan's fiduciary net position, and the total OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* - Change in the Maximum Annual Contribution for certificated and management employees (cap) effective July 1, 2022.
- *Changes of Assumptions* - The discount rate assumption was changed from 3.69% to 3.86% since the previous report. The inflation rate assumption was changed from 2.75% to 2.50% since the previous report. Additionally, the health trend rate changed from 4.00% to 6.00% since the previous report.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability - MPP Program and the plan's fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* - There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* - The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 2.16% to 3.54% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* - There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- *Changes of Assumptions* - There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS plan from the previous valuations. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.15% to 6.90% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



Supplementary Information
June 30, 2023

Washington Unified School District

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States -			
Basic Local Assistance	84.027	13379	\$ 701,452
COVID-19, Special Ed: ARP IDEA Part B, Section 611			
Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	15638	142,571
Subtotal (84.027)			844,023
Special Education : ARP IDEA PartB, Sec. 619,			
Preschool Grants	84.173	15639	7,024
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	13430	9,610
Subtotal (84.173)			16,634
Total Special Education Cluster			860,657
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011	14326	141,778
Migrant Education State Grant Program - Summer	84.011	10005	90,526
Migrant Education State Grant Program - Even Start	84.011	10144	5,406
Subtotal (84.011)			237,710
COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency			
Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	2,155,099
COVID-19, Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant			
ESSER II State Reserve	84.425D	15618	252,765
COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency			
Relief Fund III (ESSER III)	84.425U	15559	1,787,862
COVID-19 Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant			
(GEER II)	84.425C	15619	71,251
COVID-19, American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children			
and Youth II (ARP HYC II)	84.425W	15566	26,811
Subtotal (84.425)			4,293,788
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	14329	2,787,643
School Improvement (CSI) Funding for LEAs	84.010	15438	214,350
Subtotal (84.010)			3,001,993
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants -			
Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	238,153
English Language Acquisition State Grants - LEP	84.365	14346	103,442
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	15396	187,794
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	14349	131,850
Total U.S. Department of Education			9,055,387

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through California Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	1,135,102
National School Lunch Program - Meal Supplements	10.555	13396	54,425
Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	15655	148,118
National School Lunch Program - Commodity Supplemental Food	10.555	13391	<u>186,077</u>
Subtotal (10.555)			<u>1,523,722</u>
School Breakfast Program - Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	252,699
Summer Food Service Program Operations	10.559	13004	6,863
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	14968	<u>52,946</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>1,836,230</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>1,836,230</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u><u>\$ 10,891,617</u></u>

Organization

The Washington Unified School District was unified on July 1, 2011, and consists of an area comprising approximately 99 square miles. The District operates two elementary schools, one middle school, one high school, a continuation high school, a community day school, and an independent study site. There were no boundary changes during the year.

Governing Board

Member	Office	Term Expires
Steve Barra	President	2026
Eddie Ruiz	Vice President	2024
Mark Aguilar	Clerk	2024
Darrell Carter	Member	2026
Anna Kosmosky	Member	2024
Henry Hendrix	Member	2026
Terry Ruiz	Member	2024

Administration

Randy Morris	Superintendent
Sophia Rizzo Ed.D	Assistant Superintendent
Chris M. Vaz	Chief Business Official

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	505.69	508.46
Fourth through sixth	374.96	372.55
Seventh and eighth	263.71	264.92
Ninth through twelfth	1,187.57	1,180.52
Total regular ADA	2,331.93	2,326.45
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Seventh and eighth	1.70	1.24
Ninth through twelfth	0.85	0.80
Total special education, nonpublic, nonsectarian schools	2.55	2.04
Total ADA	2,334.48	2,328.49

Washington Unified School District

Schedule of Instructional Time

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grade Level	1986-1987 Minutes Requirement	2022-2023 Actual Minutes	Number of Actual Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	54,420	180	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400			
Grade 1		53,930	180	Complied
Grade 2		53,930	180	Complied
Grade 3		53,930	180	Complied
Grades 4 - 8	54,000			
Grade 4		62,930	180	Complied
Grade 5		62,930	180	Complied
Grade 6		62,930	180	Complied
Grade 7		62,930	180	Complied
Grade 8		62,930	180	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,800			
Grade 9		65,000	180	Complied
Grade 10		65,000	180	Complied
Grade 11		65,000	180	Complied
Grade 12		65,000	180	Complied

Washington Unified School District
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2023

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2023.

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	(Budget) 2024 ¹	2023	2022 ¹	2021 ¹
General Fund ³				
Revenues	\$ 64,773,213	\$ 62,176,779	\$ 49,177,798	\$ 42,991,443
Expenditures	64,364,533	49,881,954	44,108,508	36,728,969
Other uses and transfers out	130,131	3,300,475	2,100,453	3,912,289
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	64,494,664	53,182,429	46,208,961	40,641,258
Increase in Fund Balance	278,549	8,994,350	2,968,837	2,350,185
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 18,765,655	\$ 18,487,106	\$ 9,492,756	\$ 6,523,919
Available Reserves ²	\$ 7,643,236	\$ 7,194,974	\$ 6,124,453	\$ 4,342,112
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	11.85%	13.53%	13.25%	10.68%
Long-Term Liabilities ⁴	Not Available	\$ 104,297,846	\$ 76,456,571	\$ 93,821,316
Average Daily Attendance at P-2	2,377	2,334	2,245	2,459

The General Fund balance has increased by \$11,963,187 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2023-2024 budget projects an increase of \$278,549 (1.5%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3.0% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2023-2024 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$10,476,530 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 125 over the past two years; however, an increase of 43 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2023-2024.

¹ Financial information for 2024, 2022, and 2021 are included for analytical purposes only and have not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances contained within the General Fund.

³ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Special Reserve Postemployment Benefits as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

⁴ Long-term liabilities balance was restated as of June 30, 2021, due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87.

Washington Unified School District
Schedule of Charter Schools
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Name of Charter School	Charter Number	Included in Audit Report
W.E.B. DeBois Public Charter	0270	No

Washington Unified School District
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2023

	Student Activities Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets							
Deposits and investments	\$ 448,625	\$ 262,541	\$ 317,329	\$ 511,156	\$ 2,066,688	\$ 2,691,164	\$ 6,297,503
Receivables	-	1,715	418,572	81,590	103,988	17,034	622,899
Total assets	\$ 448,625	\$ 264,256	\$ 735,901	\$ 592,746	\$ 2,170,676	\$ 2,708,198	\$ 6,920,402
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 22,601	\$ 23,159	\$ 37,844	\$ 107,737	\$ 109,382	\$ -	\$ 300,723
Due to other funds	-	48,437	86,151	-	-	-	134,588
Unearned revenue	-	68,871	-	-	-	-	68,871
Total liabilities	22,601	140,467	123,995	107,737	109,382	-	504,182
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable	-	-	100	-	-	-	100
Restricted	426,024	123,789	611,806	485,009	2,061,294	2,708,198	6,416,120
Total fund balances	426,024	123,789	611,906	485,009	2,061,294	2,708,198	6,416,220
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 448,625	\$ 264,256	\$ 735,901	\$ 592,746	\$ 2,170,676	\$ 2,708,198	\$ 6,920,402

Washington Unified School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Student Activities Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ 66,424	\$ 1,836,231	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,902,655
Other State sources	-	573,813	315,872	-	1,273,731	8,402	2,171,818
Other local sources	631,499	(2,154)	31,905	175,779	(22,373)	2,808,491	3,623,147
Total revenues	631,499	638,083	2,184,008	175,779	1,251,358	2,816,893	7,697,620
Expenditures							
Current							
Instruction	-	452,361	-	-	-	-	452,361
Instruction-related activities							
Supervision of instruction	-	78,088	-	-	-	-	78,088
School site administration	-	1,235	-	-	-	-	1,235
Pupil services							
Food services	-	-	1,800,839	-	-	-	1,800,839
Administration							
All other administration	-	42,129	76,462	-	-	-	118,591
Plant services	-	-	27,865	44,831	-	-	72,696
Ancillary services	594,807	-	-	-	-	-	594,807
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	-	17,245	182,120	-	199,365
Debt service							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	1,123,000	1,123,000
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	-	1,301,760	1,301,760
Total expenditures	594,807	573,813	1,905,166	62,076	182,120	2,424,760	5,742,742

Washington Unified School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Student Activities Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	36,692	64,270	278,842	113,703	1,069,238	392,133	1,954,878
Other Financing Sources Proceeds from bond issuances	-	-	-	-	-	375,893	375,893
Net Change in Fund Balances	36,692	64,270	278,842	113,703	1,069,238	768,026	2,330,771
Fund Balance - Beginning	389,332	59,519	333,064	371,306	992,056	1,940,172	4,085,449
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 426,024</u>	<u>\$ 123,789</u>	<u>\$ 611,906</u>	<u>\$ 485,009</u>	<u>\$ 2,061,294</u>	<u>\$ 2,708,198</u>	<u>\$ 6,416,220</u>

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Washington Unified School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Washington Unified School District, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position or fund balances of Washington Unified School District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023, the District had food commodities totaling \$186,078 in inventory.

SEFA Reconciliation

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The total federal expenditures reported on the schedule differs from the total federal revenue recognized within the financial statements due to the unspent portion of the Child Development: ARP California State Preschool Program One-Time Stipend revenue received.

Description	<u>Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Total Federal Revenues reported on the financial statements		\$ 10,958,041
Child Development: ARP California State Preschool Program One-time Stipend	93.575	<u>(66,424)</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance		<u><u>\$ 10,891,617</u></u>

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

These schedules are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.



Independent Auditor's Reports
June 30, 2023

Washington Unified School District



**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
*Government Auditing Standards***

To the Governing Board
Washington Unified School District
Fresno, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Fresno, California
December 22, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board
Washington Unified School District
Fresno, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Washington Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over*

compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Fresno, California
December 22, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Governing Board
Washington Unified School District
Fresno, California

Report on Compliance

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions on State Compliance

We have audited Washington Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Qualified Opinion on Instructional Materials

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Programs

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2023, except as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Instructional Materials

As described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, the District did not comply with requirements regarding Instructional Materials, Finding 2023-001.

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the District to comply with the requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.

- Obtain an understanding of the District’s internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and.
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District’s compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	No (see below)
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	No (see below)
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No (see below)
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No (see below)
Middle or Early College High Schools	No (see below)
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No (see below)
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No (see below)
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No (see below)
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No (see below)
Immunizations	No (see below)
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	No (see below)
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes

2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Charter Schools	
Attendance	No (see below)
Mode of Instruction	No (see below)
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No (see below)
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	No (see below)
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	No (see below)
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No (see below)

We did not perform procedures for Kindergarten Continuance because there were no Kindergarten students retained in 2022-2023 that were in Kindergarten in 2021-2022.

We did not perform Continuation Education procedures because the program's ADA did not meet material testing levels.

The District did not have any employees retire under the CalSTRS Early Retirement Incentive program; therefore, testing was not required.

We did not perform Juvenile Court Schools procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

We did not perform Middle or Early College High Schools procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

We did not perform Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

The District did not elect to operate as a school district of choice; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to District of Choice.

We did not perform California Clean Energy Jobs Act procedures because the related procedures were performed in a previous year.

The District does not offer an Independent Study - Course Based program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Independent Study - Course Based Program.

The District was not listed on the immunization assessment reports; therefore, we did not perform any related procedures.

We did not perform Career Technical Education Incentive Grant procedures because the District did not receive funding for this grant.

Additionally, the Charter School is independent of the District; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to charter schools.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2023-001.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2023-001 to be a material weakness.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Erik Sully LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Fresno, California
December 22, 2023



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2023

Washington Unified School District

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)	No

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number
COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D
COVID-19, Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425D
COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III (ESSER III)	84.425U
COVID-19 Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant (GEER II)	84.425C
COVID-19, American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II)	84.425W
Special Education Cluster	84.027, 84.173
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010
School Improvement (CSI) Funding for LEAs	84.010
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

State Compliance

Internal control over state compliance programs

Material weaknesses identified

No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered
to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs

Unmodified

Unmodified for all programs except for the following
program which was qualified

Name of Program

Instructional Materials

None reported.

None reported.

The following finding represents an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported by the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. The finding has been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type
70000	Instructional Materials

2023-001 70000 – Instructional Materials

Criteria

According to the requirements of *Education Code* Section 60119, the school district governing board or county board of education, prior to making a determination through a resolution as to the sufficiency of textbooks or other instructional materials, is required to hold a public hearing on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day pupils attended school for that year, or, in a school district or county office of education having schools that operate on a multi-track, year-round calendar, on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day pupils attended school for that year on any track that began in August or September. The public is to be given ten days notice of the meeting.

Condition

During our audit of the Washington Unified School District's Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program, we discovered the District did not give adequate notice to the public regarding the public hearing as the notice was posted on September 7, 2022, and the hearing was held on September 14, 2022, which is less than the minimum requirement of ten days' notice.

Effect

By not giving the public ten days' notice of the public hearing the District is out of compliance with *Education Code* Section 60119.

Cause

An oversight regarding the requirements of the program appears to be the cause of the condition.

This finding is not a repeat of or related to a finding in the previous year.

Repeat Finding

No

Recommendation

The District should implement procedures to ensure compliance with *Education Code* Section 60119.

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

The District has reviewed and improved procedures for the posting of the Hearing on Sufficiency of Instructional Materials and will ensure that in future years the hearing notice posting occurs at least ten days prior to the day of the scheduled board meeting.

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Financial Statement Findings

2022-001 30000 – Internal Control

Criteria

Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls to ensure the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Such internal controls should include a review of all entries used in the preparation of the District's financial statements. The District should ensure that all applicable accounting principles are adhered to when preparing the financial statements.

Condition

During our engagement, we identified material misstatements of the fair market value measurement of the District's Cash in County balances and Cash in Banks balance of the Student Activities Fund.

Questioned Costs

There were no questioned costs associated with the conditions identified.

Context

The conditions identified were a result of our audit of the fair market value measurement across all funds and an audit of the Cash in Banks balance in the Student Activity Fund. Districts are required to report investments (including cash in county) at the fair market value as of June 30, 2022 and to report the Cash in Banks at the reconciled June 30, 2022 cash balance.

Effect

The conditions resulted in the incorrect reporting of the fair market value of the cash in county balance and cash in banks balance as of June 30, 2022. Specifically, the following misstatements were noted across the District.

Major Funds

The General Fund reduction of the Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments revenue account of \$605,895.

The Building Fund reduction of the Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments revenue account of \$587,137.

The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects reduction of the Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments revenue account of \$130,789.

Aggregate Remaining Funds

The aggregate remaining funds had a reduction of the Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments revenue account of \$162,511.

The Student Activity reduction of the Cash in Banks account of \$19,448.

Governmental Activities

The Governmental Activities (the total of the misstatements discussed above) had a combined reduction of fund balance of \$1,505,780.

Cause

A few factors contributed to the oversight. The fair market value adjustments are only performed once per year and can either increase the revenue or decrease the revenue. The District staff had prepared the entry correctly but then subsequently didn't record the entry.

The District incorrectly posted the Cash in Banks balance at the bank statement balances instead of the bank reconciliation balances as of June 30, 2022.

Additionally, the COVID-19 pandemic had lingering effects on the business office; that, coupled with additional responsibilities and issues requiring attention regarding COVID-19 grants, we feel this led to the oversight.

Repeat Finding

No.

Recommendation

A thorough review of the District's financial statements, including all adjusting entries, reclassifying entries, and conversion entries should take place before the financial statements are finalized by the District's business department. This includes postings that are recorded the County Office of Education.

The District should create, or expand upon, a closing task list to include common areas and accounts that need review prior to finalizing the closing of the books such as fair market value adjustments and cash in banks ending balances.

Current Status

Implemented.

State Compliance Findings

2022-002 40000 - Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds

Criteria

Proposition 30, *The Schools and Local Public Safety Protection Act of 2012*, approved by the voters on November 6, 2012, temporarily increases the state's sales tax rate for all taxpayers and the personal income tax rates for upper-income taxpayers. The new revenues generated from Proposition 30 are deposited into a newly created state account called the Education Protection Account (EPA). The California Constitution, Article XIII, Section 36(e), Paragraph (6) states "A community college district, county office of education, school district, or charter school shall have sole authority to determine how the moneys received from the Education Protection Account are spent in the school or schools within its jurisdiction, provided, however, that the appropriate governing board or body shall make these spending determinations in open session of a public meeting of the governing board or body and shall not use any of the funds from the Education Protection Account for salaries or benefits of administrators or any other administrative costs. Each community college district, county office of education, school district, and charter school shall annually publish on its Internet Web site an accounting of how much money was received from the Education Protection Account and how that money was spent."

Condition

During our audit of EPA funds, we discovered the District used a portion of the funds for School Administration and General Administration, which is not compliant with the use of funds outlined in the California Constitution.

Effect

The disbursement of EPA funds for School Administration and General Administration costs has resulted in noncompliance totaling \$178,126.

Cause

There is an internal control deficiency that allowed the funds to be incorrectly charged for non-qualifying expenditures.

Questioned Cost

The amount the District expended for School Administration was \$71,039 and General Administration was \$107,087.

Repeat Finding

No.

Recommendation

The District must have proper internal controls to ensure compliance with all State laws and regulations.

Current Status

Implemented.